

Roll No.....

Z-1-B

Total No. of Questions : 13]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 7

11th ARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25

201-B

HISTORY

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Section-A

(Very Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. Do as directed :

(i) The modern name of Mesopotamia is :

(A) Iran

(B) Iraq

(C) Syria

(D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

(ii) The division of labour was a mark of :

(A) Urban life

(B) Village life

(C) Prehistoric life

(D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

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Turn Over

Z-1-B

(2)

(iii) The three main players in the political history of the Roman Empire were :

- (A) Aristocracy
- (B) Army
- (C) Emperor
- (D) All of these

(Choose the correct one)

(iv) The official religion of Roman Empire was (Christianity/Judaism)

(Choose the correct one)

(v) The term 'Quiriltai' means :

- (A) Assembly of Mongol Chieftains
- (B) Collector of Tax
- (C) Group of Priests
- (D) Female Groups

(Choose the correct one)

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(vi) The book called the 'Secret History of Mongol' was written by Igor de Rachewitz. (Say True/False)

(vii) Plague was also known as Blue Death. (Say True/False)

(viii) Renaissance first began in (Italy/England). (Choose the correct one)

(ix) Australia was discovered by

(Fill in the blank)

(x) Feudalism was abolished in by the rule of Meiji.

(Fill in the blank)

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. (i) What is understood by the word Mesopotamia ?

(ii) Why would the early temple have been much like a house ?

(4)

- (iii) To which three continents did the Roman Empire extend ?
- (iv) What do you mean by Nomad ?
- (v) What is the 'Monalisa' ?
- (vi) Trace the main aim of 'Great Leap Forward' initiated by Mao Zedong.

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

- 3. Why were mobile animal herders not necessarily a threat to town life ?
- 4. Discuss the crisis of the 3rd Century.
- 5. Compare the conditions of the life for a French Serf and a Roman Slave.
- 6. Why were the Italian towns the first to experience the ideas of Humanism ?
- 7. Why was the history of the Australian native people left out of History Book ?
- 8. What was the 'Long March' ?

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(5)

Section-D

(Long Answer Type Questions)

8 each

9. Sketch a detailed account of the social and Military organisation of the Mongols under Genghis Khan.

Or

Describe the features of social and economic life of the Roman Society.

10. Describe the factors responsible for decline of Feudalism.

Or

Summarise the features of Humanist Thought.

11. How satisfactory is museum gallery display in explaining the culture of a people ? Give examples. <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

Or

Japan's policy of rapid industrialisation led to wars with its neighbours and destruction of environment. Discuss.

Section-E**(Passage Based Question)**

12. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow :

THE EXAMINATION SYSTEM

Entry to the elite ruling class (about 1.1 million till 1850) had been largely through an examination. This required writing in eight legged essay [Pa-kU-Wen] in classical Chinese in a prescribed form. The examination was held twice every three years, at different levels and of those allowed to sit only 1–2 percent passed the first level, usually by the age of 24, to become what was called 'Beautiful talent'. At any given time before 1850 there were about 526, 869 civil and 212, 330 military provincial (Sheng-Yuan) degree holders in the whole country. Since there were only 27,000 official positions, many lower level degree holders did not have jobs. The examination acted as a barrier to the development of science and technology as it demanded only literary skills. In 1905, it was abolished as it was based on skills in classical Chinese learning that had, it was felt, no relevance for the modern world.

Questions :

- (i) Detect any *two* key features of Chinese examination system. 2
- (ii) How many civil and military provincial degree holders were in the whole country before 1850 ? 2
- (iii) When was this examination system abolished ? 1

Section-F

(Map Work Skill) 5

13. On an outline map of world, locate and label the following :
- (i) Africa
 - (ii) Japan
 - (iii) Rome
 - (iv) China
 - (v) South America

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201-C

HISTORY

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Section-A

(Very Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. Do as directed :

(i) The name Mesopotamia is derived from the language called :

(A) French

(B) Greek

(C) Latin

(D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

(ii) The oldest city of Mesopotamia was :

(A) Mari

(B) Uruk

(C) Ur

(D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

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201-C

Turn Over

Z-1-C

(iii) The 'Papyrus' reed like plant grew on the bank of river :

(A) Nile

(B) Euphrates

(C) Hudson

(D) Amazon

(Choose the correct one)

(iv) The regime of King Augustus was established in :

(A) 20 BCE

(B) 21 BCE

(C) 27 BCE

(D) 23 BCE

(Choose the correct one)

(v) The founder of Yuan Dynasty was :

(A) Kublai Khan

(B) Genghiz Khan

(C) Hulagu Khan

(D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

(vi) Mongols were the nomadic tribes who inhabited the Central Asia.

(Say True/False)

(vii) The growth of feudalism began first in France. (Say True/False)

(viii) The word 'Renaissance' means (Rebirth/Left).

(Choose the correct one)

(ix) The British adopted the policy of "Terra Nullius" in

(Fill in the blank)

(x) Communist Party of China came into existence in the year

(Fill in the blank)

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. (i) Name any *three* important cities of Mesopotamian Civilisation.

(ii) What were the crops of Mesopotamian Civilisation ?

(4)

- (iii) Define the term "Principate".
- (iv) List Sun Yatsen's *three* principles.
- (v) Who invented the Printing Press ?
- (vi) Who were Samurai ?

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

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(Long Answer Type Questions)

8 each

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(Map Work Skill) 5

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- (ii) Japan
- (iii) Rome
- (iv) China
- (v) North America