

F-0-C

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24
1700-C
ENGLISH

(New/Old/Old I Course)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

NOTE :— The questions in the question paper are based on revised/pre-revised and old course syllabus marked as “New Course”, “Old Course” and “Old I Course” respectively and candidates are advised to appear in the relevant course meant for them. Candidates who may attempt the questions partly from “**New Course**”, partly from “**Old Course**” and partly from “**Old I Course**” will not be awarded. Candidates are also advised to record “**New Course**” or “**Old Course**” or “**Old I Course**” as the case may be, on the front page of the answer-book.

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24→1700-C (Old I)

F-0-C

Turn Over

(Old I Course)

Section-A

(Literature)

1. Answer any *one* of the following questions in **100–150** words :

(i) Discuss the character of Addison Barnaby on the basis of your comprehension of 'The Gumdrop Affair'.

(ii) Comment on the speech delivered to the students of Agra University by C.V. Raman. 1×7=7

2. Answer any *three* of the following questions in **80–100** words each :

(i) Shalimal was superstitious and sharp-tongued lady. Discuss with textual evidence.

(ii) How does Mrs. Bouneer befool her tenants ?

(iii) Najab's journey across the Rann of Kutch is full of adventures. Describe the journey.

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- (iv) Bring out the message conveyed through 'The Scarecrow'.
- (v) What is the philosophy of life presented by C.V. Raman ?
- (vi) 'Forgetting' has some advantages. Comment with reference to the text comprehended by you. 3×4=12

3. Answer any *one* of the following questions in **80–100** words :

- (i) What is Satire ? Comment in light of 'Once Upon a Time'.
- (ii) Write the summary of the poem 'Sunrise'. 1×5=5

4. Answer briefly any *three* of the following questions :

- (i) Give *one* example of visual imagery from 'Punishment in Kindergarten'.
- (ii) Identify *two* symbols that refer to *every day* things used in the poem 'After Apple Picking'.
- (iii) What does 'Son' refer to in the poem 'Sunrise' ?
- (iv) Give an example of personification from the poem 'Inklings from the Dark'. 3×2=6

5. Explain with reference to the context any *one* of the following passages :

(i) The man in the doorway struck a match and lit his cigar. The light showed a pale, square jawed face with keen, eyes and a little white scar near his right eyebrow. His scarf pin was a large diamond, oddly set.

(ii) Sure ? Yet inwardly, she prayed God would give her some proof of her faith. She knew it was one thing to believe but quite another thing to prove. 1×5=5

6. Explain any *one* of the following stanzas with reference to the context :

(i) Oh ! God of may have mercy.

Bless these withered bodies

With the passion of your resurrection;

Make their dead veins

Flow with blood again.

(ii) I am overtired

Of the great harvest I myself desired.

There were ten thousand thousand fruit to touch,

Cherish in hand, lift down, and not let fall.

1×5=5

Section-B

(Reading Comprehension)

7. Read the following passages and answer the questions given at the end :

There are of course no friends like living, breathing, corporeal men and women, my devotion to reading has never made me a recluse.

How could it ? Books are of the people, by the people, for the people. Literature is the immortal part of history, it is best and most enduring part of personality. But book-friends have this advantage

over living friends, you can enjoy the most truly aristocratic society in the world whenever you want it. The great dead are beyond our physical reach, and the great living are usually almost as inaccessible, as for our personal friends and acquaintances, we cannot always see them. Perchance they are asleep or away on a journey. But in private library you can at any moment converse with Socrates or Shakespeare or Carlyle or Dumas or Dickens or Shaw or Barrie or Galsworthy. And there is no doubt that in these books you see these men at their best. They wrote for you. They 'laid themselves out', they did their ultimate best to entertain you, to make a favourable impression. You are necessary to them as an audience is to an actor, only instead of seeing them marked, you look into their immortal heart of heart.

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Questions :

- (i) What are the advantages of having book-friends ?
- (ii) Why does the author say that he has not become recluse in spite of spending most of his indoor life in the company of his books ?
- (iii) What is the difference between the 'great dead' and the 'great living' ?
- (iv) "You are necessary to them as an audience is to an actor."
 - (a) Who is 'you' here and whom does 'them' refer to ?
 - (b) "The great dead are beyond our physical reach." List four such great dead mentioned in the passage.

(v) (a) Perchance, they are asleep of away in journey. Here 'they' refers to :

- (1) Book friends
- (2) Living friends
- (3) Aristocrats
- (4) Acquaintances

(b) Give the noun form of : 'entertain'.

Or

Sir Issac Newton was of a mild and gentle temper and was seldom or never seen in a passion. One day, when he was fifty years old, and had been at work for more than twenty years, he went out of his room leaving his little dog asleep before the fire. On the table lay a heap of papers written by him, containing all his discoveries. In his absence his dog happened to jump upon the table and over threw a lighted candle, which set fire to all his papers and consumed them

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in a few minutes. When Newton returned and saw what had happened, he did not strike the little dog but only said, "O Diamond, you little know the mischief you have done !" The unfortunate incident was a great shock to the great scientist. His health began to fail and before long he breathed his last.

Questions :

- (i) What happened to Newton's discoveries ?
- (ii) How did Newton treat the dog ?
- (iii) What was the effect of the incident that set fire to all his papers ?
- (iv) Sir Issac Newton was of a calm, kind and soft
 - (a) passion
 - (b) temper
 - (c) nature
 - (d) attitude
- (v) Which word in the passage means "to reduce the amount of or finish something" ?

2×5=10

8. Read the following poetic passages and answer the questions given at the end :

I espied an eagle in the wild shadows of my mind :

On its beak, in the same old fashion, smouldered the

blood of the dove

Whose feathers were shed by hilltops into the atmosphere.

Questions :

- (i) Name the poet and the translator.
- (ii) Where does the poet see the eagle ?
- (iii) Why does the eagle have blood on its beak ?
- (iv) Is there any connection between the eagle and the dove ?
- (v) "Smouldered the blood of the dove." Explain the line in light of the context.

Or

By now the sun was shining in all its splendour,

It answered proudly,

What is the point of getting annoyed,

There is no set time for the sun to rise,

Whenever it rises, that is sun-rise.

Questions :

- (i) Why did the sun answer proudly ?
- (ii) Who was annoyed ?
- (iii) Whenever it rises. 'It' in the line refers to :
 - (a) Son
 - (b) Sun
 - (c) Cloud
 - (d) Sky
- (iv) What are the words of sun in reply ?
- (v) How is sun shown differently in the stanza ?

1×5=5

Section-C

(Writing Skills)

9. Write any *four* of the following writing tasks in **80–100** words each :

- (a) Write a paragraph on 'Hard work is always crowned with success'.
- (b) Your school conducted annual day function and appreciated the best achievers of the year. Write a report highlighting the day-long activities.
- (c) Write a letter to your head of the institute requesting him to organise an event for the awareness about drug abuse.
- (d) Write an e-mail to your form teacher sending him the assignment for your house examination.
- (e) Write a diary entry describing your meeting with a friend who met you suddenly after a long time.

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(f) Design a poster to highlight the need of green surroundings in your school.

(g) You want to apply for a vacant position in company. Write a resume for the selection. <https://www.jkboseonline.com> 4×5=20

Section-D

(Grammar)

10. (a) Put the verbs given in brackets in the correct form of tense :

I (enter) the restaurant, the music (play),
and the waiters (walk) around the table. I
(call) a waiter and placed my order. 4

(b) Use appropriate modals in the following sentences :

(i) I come in, Sir !

(ii) We to respect our elders. 2

(c) Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions :

The cat was hiding the table and the mouse was sitting it. The little boy was the table and his toy was the cat. 2

(d) Use appropriate articles :

..... blue pen was in pocket of shirt that was in almirah. I searched pen everywhere but I couldn't reach place where it actually was. 3

(e) Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions :

(i) I tried to tell him he was busy.

(ii) he is fat, he looks active. 2

(f) Combine the following sentences by changing one of them into a relative clause :

(i) He demanded the NCERT books. I bought the books for him.

(ii) Rashid is white washing the fence. The fence is withered at many places.

2

(g) Change the voice :

(i) The documentary was recorded by me.

(ii) She learnt the lesson.

2

(h) Put the following sentences into indirect speech :

(i) Riya said to me, "Do not put off till tomorrow what you can do to today".

(ii) She said to her friend, "I was preparing tea".

(iii) The doctor said, "You have to take care of your health".

3

(i) Transform the following sentences as directed :

(i) The girls were not sure that they had answered correctly.

(Change into compound)

(ii) Despite poverty, he is happy. (Change into complex)

(iii) He walked very fast but he missed the train.

(Change into simple sentence) 3

(j) The sentence below says what a person did.

Say what would have happened if he had not done it.

Example : She found her wallet.

Solution : If she hadn't found her wallet, we'd have landed in trouble.

Now add conditional clause as in the above example.

(i) The pen wrote well.

(ii) He didn't eat all the pills.

2

B-O-Y

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 11]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 16

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1100-Y

ENGLISH

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION-A

(READING COMPREHENSION)

1. Read the following passage. Make notes (5 marks) and write a summary (4 marks) and give it a suitable title (1 mark) :

It is shocking to know that the number of people suffering from inferiority complex is extremely large. Autosuggestion is the art of turning one's inferiority or failures into success by using the power

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B-O-Y

Turn Over

of one's imagination. You are what you think you are. You become what you constantly imagine yourself becoming. By suggesting to yourself again and again that you will be successful or strong or beautiful or healthy, you can soon change your defeats into victories, your weakness into strength, your plainness into beauty and your illness into health.

Your imagination controls your body and your willpower. If you control your imagination by always holding pictures of success and happiness in your mind, you can be a master of your body, your willpower and your circumstances.

Your imagination can help you in achieving self-mastery but your willpower cannot. Have you ever tried walking on a railway line ?

You are able to balance your body on a seven centimetres wide iron girder, sometimes for fifty metres at a stretch without any fear of falling. Now imagine that the railway line runs across a river or it is hanging in the air like a bridge. Can you now walk across it ?

No you cannot. Neither your body nor your willpower can help you here. It is because your imagination brings to your mind the horrible scenes of your falling down into the river, your drowning, death and perhaps even funeral. Your powerful imagination cripples both your body and your willpower.

It is obvious that the fears in your imagination thwart the working of your willpower. The way to success and happiness, therefore, lies in your turning out fears from your imagination. Banish horrible pictures from your mind. Fill your imagination with pictures of success, popularity and prosperity. In other words, control your imagination through autosuggestion. A man who starts of in his life with the ideas, "I shall succeed", always does succeed. But if there is a man who always doubts himself, will never succeed in anything although he may have good opportunities all around him.

Pack your imagination with happy images and confident thoughts. As soon as you are able to control your imagination, you will attain self-mastery and wonderful results.

2. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Conversation is a fine art. It is the art of exchanging thoughts. It is an art which even the least gifted of us can cultivate. Not everybody can paint or play music but almost every one can talk. Conversation, therefore, is that art which affords the greatest pleasure to the greatest number. R.L. Stevenson says, "To talk is our chief business in the world and talk is by far the most accessible of pleasures. It costs nothing in money but it is all profit. It completes our education, founds and fosters our friendship and can be enjoyed at any age in almost every state of health."

Conversation is indeed the most easily teachable of all the arts. All you need to do in order to become a good conversationalist is to find a subject that interests you and your listeners. There are, for example,

numberless hobbies to talk about. But the important thing is that you must talk about the other fellow's hobby rather than your own.

Therein lies the secret of your popularity. Talk to your friends about the things that interest them and you will get a reputation for good fellowship, charming wit and a brilliant mind. There is nothing that pleases people so much as your interest in their interests.

It is just as important to know what subjects to avoid as what subjects to select for a good conversation. If you don't want to be set down as a wet blanket or a bore, be careful to avoid certain unpleasant topics. Avoid talking about yourself unless you are asked.

to do so. People are interested in their own problems, not in yours.

Sickness or death bore everybody. The only one who listens willingly

to such talk is the doctor but he gets paid for it.

To be a good conversationalist, you must know not only what to say

but also how to say it. Be civil and modest. Don't over-emphasize

your own importance. Be mentally quick and witty. But don't hurt

others with your wit. Finally, try to avoid mannerism in your

conversation. Don't bite your lips or click your tongue or roll your

eyes or use your hands excessively as you speak. Don't be like that

Frenchman who said, "How can I talk if you hold my hands ?"

Questions :

- (i) How is conversation described as an art ?
- (ii) What are the characteristics of a good conversation ?
- (iii) What kind of conversationalists are disliked by people ?
- (iv) "To talk is our chief business in the world", is quoted from :
- (A) R.L. Johnson
- (B) R.L. Spensor
- (C) R.P. Stevenson
- (D) R.L. Stevenson

(v) To be a good conversationalist, you must not know not only what to say but also how to say it. (True/False)

(vi) The word 'Accessible' in the passage is used as :

(A) A noun

(B) An adverb

(C) An adjective

(D) An interjection

(vii) 'To be set down' means

(A) Rejected

(B) Considered

(C) Followed

(D) None of these

- (viii) The synonym of 'Modest' is
- (ix) How can I talk if you ? (Fill in the blank)
- (x) What **do you think can be** an appropriate title for the passage ?
1×10=10

SECTION-B

(WRITING SKILLS AND GRAMMAR)

3. You need the services of a Math tutor for teaching your younger brother who is reading in class 8th. Write a classified advertisement for the same to be published in the local newspaper (40-50 words).

Or

You are celebrating your 16th birthday next week. Write an invitation to your cousins for a party at your home on this occasion (40-50 words).

4. You are the student secretary of your school and observe a lot of nuisance created by the vendors and the wrong parking of vehicles outside your school gate. Write a letter to the Mayor of your city, complaining about the same and to resolve the issue (120–150 words).

Or

Write a letter to the Editor of a daily newspaper requesting to publish your views and suggestions about the unhealthy trend of eating junk food among the students, highlighting the hazards of the same (120–150 words). <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

6

5. You came across a job advertisement by the chairman, J & K SSRB for the posts of English teachers. In response to the advertisement write your resume (4 marks) with a covering letter/application (2 marks) (120–150 words).

6

6. ~~Write~~ a newspaper article or a morning assembly speech on any one of the following (200–250 words) :

(a) Drug Addiction or substance abuse — causes and measures to eradicate it in the light of the calendar activities undertaken by your institution during 'Nasha Mukta Bharat' (Drug Free India) campaign.

(b) Corruption and its evils with steps and suggestions to control the menace.

7. ~~Edit~~ the following passage :

When I reached the station, I didn't **stopped** at the ticket counter but dashed straight to the platform. The **lucknow** express was just moving out. /~~a~~ train had still to pick up speed and I **should have** able to jump to one of the carriages. I hesitated for some unknown reason ~~but~~ I lost the chance to get away. I found **ourself** standing alone on the deserted platform. Somebody had been watching me and said **Take it easy**.

SECTION-C

(LITERATURE)

8. Read the poetic extract and briefly answer the questions that follow :

(a) Driving from my parent's home to Cochin last Friday morning,

I saw my mother beside me, doze, open mouthed, her face ashen
like that of a corpse and realized with pain that she was as old
as she looked.

Questions :

(i) Whose mother is described in the extract and why does she
doze with open mouth ?

(ii) Give an example of simile from the extract.

(iii) Why is the poet pained to look at her mother ?

(iv) Name the poem and the poet.

1×4=4

- (b) Answer any *two* of the following questions from the poems in your course (40–50 words) :

Questions :

- (i) What will counting upto twelve and keeping quiet help us to achieve ?
- (ii) What makes human beings love life in spite of troubles and sufferings with reference to the poem, 'A Thing of Beauty' ?
- (iii) What was the plea of the folks who had put up the roadside stand ?

3x2=6

9. Answer any *three* of the following questions in 40–50 words each:

- (a) What did Franz notice that was unusual about the school that day in 'The Last Lesson' ?

(b) What is Saheb looking for in the garbage dumps ? Is he happy working at the Tea stall ? Why not ? (Lost Spring)

(c) Why do you think Gandhiji considered The Champaran episode to be a turning point in his life ? (Indigo)

(d) How does Douglas overcome his fear of water ? (Deep Water)

(e) What did Sophie dream and fantasise of ? Why does Jansie discourage her from having such unrealistic dreams ?

(Going Places)
3×3=9

10. Answer any one of the following questions in 150–200 words :

(a) What does the Third Level refer to ? Do you think the Third Level was a medium of escape for Charley and in what respect ?

(b) Describe the dilemma that Dr. Sadao faced with the wounded young white American Soldier ? How did he resolve his predicament finally as you go through the story 'The Enemy' ? 6

11. Answer any *one* of the following question in 120–150 words :

- (a) How does Derry get into Mr. Lamb's garden and what is it that draws Derry Towards Mr. Lamb in spite of himself ?
- (b) Mr. Lamb displays signs of loneliness and disappointment. What are the ways in which Mr. Lamb tries to overcome these feelings in order to sustain his optimism to deal with the challenges ? 5

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B-Q-Z

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 11]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 16

12thARM(SZ)JKUT2024

1100-Z

ENGLISH

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION-A

(READING COMPREHENSION)

- ✓1. Read the following passage. Make notes (5 marks) and write a summary (4 marks) and give it a suitable title (1 mark) :

The self-image we harbour is the key to the success or failure of our
most cherished plans and aspirations. If the image is inadequate and
psychologists say most of us habitually underrate ourselves — it

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Turn Over

B-Q-Z

behaves us to correct it. We do this by systematically imagining that we are already the sort of person we wish to be. If you have been painfully shy, imagine yourself moving among people with ease and poise. If you have been fearful and over-anxious, see yourself acting calmly, confidently and with courage.

If we picture ourselves performing in a certain manner, this imaginative exercise impresses our subconscious mind almost as much as does actual performance.

What we believe about ourselves often imposes rigid and quite false limits on what we are able to accomplish. As a school boy Dr. Alfred

Adler, the famous Psychiatrist, got off to a bad start in arithmetic. His teacher became convinced that he was 'dumb in mathematics'. Adler positively accepted the evaluation and his marks seemed to prove it correct. One day, however, he had a sudden flash of insight and announced that he thought he could solve a problem the teacher had put on the board which none of the other pupils could solve. The whole class laughed, whereupon he became indignant, strode to the blackboard and solved the problem. In doing so he realized that he could understand arithmetic. He felt a new confidence in his ability and went on to become a good mathematics student.

The point is that Adler had been hypnotized by a false belief about himself. For the power of hypnosis is the power of belief. If you have accepted an idea from yourself, your teachers, parents, friends or any other source and if you are convinced that the idea is true, it has the same power over you as the hypnotist's words have over his subject.

Negative thinking can limit each of us if we let it. And, conversely, within your right how is the power to do things you never dreamed possible.

2. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :

It is shocking to know that the number of people suffering from inferiority complex is extremely larger. Autosuggestion is the art of turning one's inferiority or failures into success by using the power of one's imagination. You are what you think you are. You become what you constantly imagine yourself becoming. By suggesting to yourself again and again that you will be successful or strong or beautiful or healthy, you can soon change your defeats into victories, your weakness into strength, your plainness into beauty and your illness into health.

Your imagination controls your body and your will-power. If you control your imagination by always holding pictures of success and happiness in your mind, you can be a master of your body, your will power and your circumstances.

Your imagination can help you in achieving self-mastery but your will-power cannot. Have you ever tried walking on a railway line ?

You are able to balance your body on a seven centimetres wide iron girder, sometimes for fifty metres at a stretch without any fear of falling. Now imagine that the railway line runs across a river or it is hanging in the air like a bridge. Can you now walk across it ?

No you cannot. Neither your body nor your will-power can help you here. It is because your imagination brings to your mind the horrible scenes of your falling down into the river, your drowning, death and perhaps even funeral. Your powerful imagination cripples both your body and your will-power.

It is obvious that the fears in your imagination thwart the working of your will-power. The way to success and happiness. Therefore, lies in your turning out fears from your imagination. Banish horrible pictures from your mind. Fill your imagination with pictures of success. Popularity and prosperity. In other words, control your imagination through autosuggestion. A man who starts of in life with the idea, "I shall succeed", always does succeed. But if there is a man who always doubts himself, will never succeed in anything although he may have good opportunities all around him.

Pack your imagination with happy images and confident thoughts. As soon as you are able to control your imagination, you will attain self-mastery and wonderful results.

Questions :

- ✓(i) What is the power of Autosuggestion ?
- ✓(ii) How can our imagination help us to achieve success ?
- ✓(iii) What are the ways and means to attain self-mastery and self-confidence ?
- ✓(iv) A man who starts off in life with the idea, "I shall succeed" :
- (A) Will never succeed
- (B) Does not succeed
- (C) Always does succeed
- (D) Always does not succeed

✓(v) Your imagination does not control your body and will-power.

(True/False)

✓(vi) The word 'healthy' in the passage is used as :

(A) A verb

(B) An adverb

(C) An interjection

(D) An adjective

✓(vii) The word 'Thwart' means :

(A) Help

(B) Hinder

(C) Hasten

(D) None of these

✓(viii) The synonym of 'horrible' is

✓(ix) It is obvious that the fears in your imagination

(Fill in the blank)

✓(x) What do you think can be the suitable title for the passage ?
1×10=10

SECTION-B

(WRITING SKILLS AND GRAMMAR)

✓3. You need the services of a plumber for installation of a geyser in your office.. Write a classified advertisement for the same to be published in the local newspaper (40-50 words).

Or

You are celebrating your younger sister's birthday next week. Write an invitation to your close relative for the birthday party at your home on this occasion (40-50 words).

4

4. You are the student secretary of your school and observe a lot of nuisance created by the vendors and the wrong parking of vehicles outside your school gate. Write a letter to the Mayor of your city, complaining about the same and to resolve the issue (120–150 words).

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Write a letter to the Editor of a daily newspaper requesting to publish your views and suggestions about the unhealthy trend of eating junk food among the students, highlighting the hazards of the same (120–150 words). <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

6

5. You came across a job advertisement by the chairman, J & K SSRB for the posts of English teachers. In response to the advertisement write your resume (4 marks) with a covering letter/application (2 marks) (120–150 words).

6

6. Write a newspaper article or a morning assembly speech on any *one* of the following (200–250 words) :

- (a) Drug Addiction or substance abuse — causes and measures to eradicate it in the light of the calendar activities undertaken by your institution during 'Nasha Mukh Bharat' (Drug Free India) campaign.
- (b) Corruption and its evils with steps and suggestions to control the menace.

7. Edit the following passage :

When I reached the station, I didn't **stopped** at the ticket counter but dashed straight to the platform. The **lucknow express** was just moving out. **a** train had still to pick up speed and I **should have able** to jump to one of the carriages. I hesitated for some unknown reason **but** I lost the chance to get away. I found **ourself** standing alone on the deserted platform. Somebody had been watching me and said **Take it easy**.

SECTION-C

(LITERATURE)

i. Read the poetic extract and briefly answer the questions that follow :

(a) Driving from my parent's home to Cochin last Friday morning,

I saw my mother beside me, doze, open mouthed, her face ashen
like that of a corpse and realized with pain that she was as old
as she looked.

Questions :

✓(i) Whose mother is described in the extract and why does she
doze with open mouth ?

✓(ii) Give an example of simile from the extract.

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✓(iv) Name the poem and the poet.

1×4=4

- (b) Answer any *two* of the following questions from the poems in your course (40–50 words) :

Questions :

✓(i) What will counting upto twelve and keeping quiet help us to achieve ?

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✓(iii) What was the plea of the folks who had put up the roadside stand ?

3×2=6

9. Answer any *three* of the following questions in 40–50 words each :

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- (b) What is Saheb looking for in the garbage dumps ? Is he happy working at the Tea stall ? Why not ? (Lost Spring)
- (c) Why do you think Gandhiji considered The Champaran episode to be a turning point in his life ? (Indigo)
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12th ARM(SZ)JKU 2024-1100-2

B-0-2

C-0-A

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 11]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 15

12th ARA(SZ)JK/LEHUT2024

1500-A

ENGLISH

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION-A

(READING COMPREHENSION)

~~1.~~ Read the following passage carefully. Make notes and summarise it with a suitable title :

(Tourism has emerged as the world's largest industries. Growing rapidly in the last two decades, today it accounts for 6% of world output and employs some hundred million people around the globe. Since the end of the Second World War, it has developed immense revenue and development potential and stands today as a unique natural renewable industry.

12th ARA(SZ)JK/LEHUT2024-1500-A

C-0-A

Turn Over

Tourism, the travel based recreation, provides people with a change of place and a break from the monotony of daily life. It brings people of different nations together, allowing them to come into close contacts with each other's customs and other aspects of life. It reveals the scenic beauty and vast heritage of a country to people belonging to other nations. The knowledge and experience gained in the process can lead to greater understanding and tolerance and can even foster world peace.

The contribution of tourism can be nowhere seen more clearly than on the economic fronts. A study conducted by the United Nations has shown that developing countries in particular, can reap handsome benefits out of tourism which greatly boosts national income. It also generates employment and adds to the entrepreneurial wealth of a nation. While tourism's advantages are many, its undesirable side effects have raised many fresh problems.

Tourism can cause social, cultural or environmental disruptions. One of the greatest concern is its damage to the environment. In order to attract more tourists, sprawling resorts are built which take neither the local architectural styles, nor the ecology into consideration. National systems come to be destroyed as a result of indiscriminate construction to provide water and waste disposal facilities and recreational arrangements to the tourists. Over use of environmental wealth disturb the ecological balance. Damage is most in wildlife parks which remain the foremost sites of tourist attraction. Tourists vans and the visitors' fact destroy the ground vegetation, thus affecting the feeding habits of the animals and the landscape as well. Over crowding brings about congestion, leading to environmental and health hazards. For example, the Taj Mahal has suffered a lot of wear and tear from the trampling feet of the tourists.

Some socio-cultural effects of tourism have been damaging. Tourism often ushers in new life styles; arrangements as desired by the tourists in order to make them feel at home. The emergence of this 'other' culture in various places has caused dissatisfaction among the locals. The concern is that the local people tend to imitate the foreign values, breaking away from their own traditions.

To promote safe tourism while ensuring to keep it remain a profitable industry, it is imperative to understand the factors that hamper the growth of tourism and check them effectively. General instability of a nation is damaging. Political disturbances, in particular, pose a serious threat. The growing violence in the international scene, the threat of terrorism and sometimes racism affect the flow of tourists. Whatever be the problems, no nation can afford to dwarf tourism. Hence India must also work hard to reap the benefits from this industry, for the country has everything to attract visitors from far and near.

5+4+1

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end :

Man has been constructing buildings for ages now. However some buildings have become popular because of their design or their importance in the culture of a particular society. For instance, The Taj Mahal is not only important because it was constructed as a mark of love of a king for his queen but also as a fine piece of architecture.

Such buildings are called man-made wonders (opposite to natural wonders). One such man-made wonder (one of the seven wonders in the world) is in Europe. It was basically a clock or bell tower. It is called "TORRE PENDENTE DI PISA" (The Leaning Tower of Pisa, in Italy). Pisa is eighty kilometers from Florence, Central Italy and ten kilometers from the Ligurian Sea. The construction of Pisa Tower took place between 1173 and 1399. The bell tower was constructed to celebrate medieval era catholicism and christian rituals. It has eight

colonnaded storeys that contain marble columns, which are 207 in number. It was being raised as the third and final structure of the city's cathedral complex. It was designed to stand 185 feet (56 m) high and was constructed on white marble. Three out of its eight storeys were completed when the uneven setting of the building's foundation in the soft ground become noticeable. Unlike other historic buildings in Italy, the Pisa Tower's construction took almost two centuries. (The primary reason behind this was the wars and the battles) disrupting its construction : Research shows that the choice of location affected the tower because the contractors of the time used sandy soil and shifting caly to anchor the tower and materials were not ideal for a sturcture weighing 14 tons. The architect tried to fix the problem by adding short storeys on one side. But it did not work. Research shows that the Pisa Tower was leaning and falling rapidly at 1-2 mm per year. Many other measures were taken upto rectify the problem but nothing proved effective.

Engineers found that (the Leaning Tower of Pisa has a unique dynamic soil structure which prevents) it from reverberating. It has caused instability and leaning, it protects the tower from falling. It is why it has survived several seismic events, including four earthquakes.

Questions :

- (i) Why do some buildings become popular ?
- (ii) The research shows the Pisa tower is leaning annually about :
 - (A) 1–2 Meters
 - (B) 1–2 mm
 - (C) 3 cm
 - (D) 1–2 cm
- (iii) The total number of storeys in the Pisa Tower are :
 - (A) Three
 - (B) Five
 - (C) Eight
 - (D) Twelve

(iv) The completion of Pisa Tower took about almost two centuries.

(True/False)

(v) What has prevented Pisa Tower to fall down fully ?

(vi) The primary reason for Pisa Tower's long completion was

..... (complete it)

(vii) In Para (2) the word 'rapidly' has been used as :

(A) Noun

(B) Verb

(C) Adjective

(D) Adverb

(viii) What does the word 'seismic' means

(Fill in the blank)

(ix) Give the opposite word of 'Effective'.

(x) Use the word 'dynamic' in your own sentence.

1×10=10

SECTION-B

(WRITING SKILLS AND GRAMMAR)

3. You are Rajan/Ragni. You are the personal manager of the company 'Technical India'. Draft an advertisement (40–50 words) to be published in a local newspaper, for the posts of office executives. The applicants must have a good knowledge of computer and fluency in English.

Or

Your father is going to retire from his post/job this month. Invite your close friend through an invitation message to the retirement party in the evening of the date of retirement (40–50 words).

4

4. You are Rajesh/Sohail, the sports secretary of your school. As discussed and approved in a meeting with the principal, write a letter to M/s National Prime Sports Jammu/Srinagar, requesting them to supply their trade catalogue for placing order for the sports items required by the school. Mention some of the items required, discount if any, on the catalogue prices and the mode of payment, etc. (120–150 words).

Or

Write a letter to the editor of a reputed/local newspaper highlighting the issue of environmental pollution at various local picnic spots, mostly by the visitors and the indifference of the management. Also suggest some possible measures (120–150 words).

6

5. You see a classified advertisement in a newspaper inviting applications for the post of English teacher for class 10th by National Public School, Jammu/Srinagar. Write the resume and the cover letter to be sent to the principal, for the said post (120–150 words).

Resume = 4 marks

Cover letter = 2 marks

6

6. There are many Indians, who came from humble origin and background, but achieved great success and glory against all odds because of their hardwork, skill, self confidence and trust and perseverance etc. To name some of them are Dr. Abdul Kalam, M.S. Dhoni, Superstar Rajnikanth, Mary Kom and Arunima Sinha etc. Write a personality profile of any such personality, you admire the most and consider him/her a role model (200–250 words).

Or

Incidents of 'crimes against Women' are increasing alarmingly. As a student editor of your school magazine, write an article for the magazine on 'How can youth help in fighting against this evil and the sin' (200–250 words).

6

7. Edit the following passage :

Yesterday, I go to meet my grand parents in a nearby village. They are delighted on seeing me. They hugged me loveful and showered blessings on me. It was such a emotional meeting. After that we sat together while the grand mother served us with tea and some snacks.

Later, I enjoyed the delicious village food in lunch. Then we sat together and talked for so many things. They told me all about village life, its customs and social values. They want me to stay for

some day but I had to attend my office. So I came back.

1×8=8

SECTION-C

(LITERATURE)

8. Read the following poetic extract and answer the questions given at the end :

(a) Driving from my parent's home to Cochin last Friday morning,

I saw my mother, beside me, doze, open mouthed

her face ashen like that of a corpse and realized with pain

that she was as old as she looked but soon put that thought away. <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

Questions :

- (i) How does the poet describe her mother's appearance ?
- (ii) Identify the simile used in the above extract.
- (iii) What is the main emotion conveyed in the given extract ?
- (iv) Name the poem and its poet. 1×4=4

(b) Answer any *two* of the following questions (40–50 words each) :

Questions :

- (i) What are the 'ordeals' Aunt Jennifer is surrounded by and why does the poet use the word 'ringed' ?
- (ii) What is the 'childish longing' that the poet refers to in 'A Roadside Stand' ? Why is it Vain ?
- (iii) What image does the poet use to describe the beautiful bounty of the earth in 'A Thing of Beauty' ? 2×3=6

9. Answer any *three* of the following questions in 40–50 words each.:

- (a) What forces conspire to keep the workers in the bangle industry of Firozabad in poverty ?
- (b) How did Douglas overcome his fear of water ?
- (c) What made the peddler think that he had fallen into a rat trap ?

(d) Why did Gandhi consider the Champaran episode to be a turning point in his life ?

(e) Sophie and Jansie were classmates and friends. What were the difference between them as shown in the story ? 3×3=9

10. Answer the following question in 150–200 words :

The story 'The Tigerking' is a satire on the conceit of those in power. How does the author employ the literary device of dramatic irony in the story.

Or

Do you agree that 'The Enemy' teaches us that we have to make hard choices between our roles as private individuals and as citizens with a sense of National loyalty ? Justify the answer.

6

11. Answer the following question in 120–150 words :

Mr. Lamb and Derry are two highly contrasting characters. Highlight their contrasting traits in their characters (On The Face of It).

Or

The actual pain or inconvenience caused by a physical impairment is often much less than the sense of alienation felt by the person with disabilities. Discuss it in the light of 'On The Face of It'.

5

C-0-B

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 11]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 15

12thARA(SZ)JK/LEHUT2024

1500-B

ENGLISH

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION-A

(READING COMPREHENSION)

1. Read the following passage carefully. Make notes and summarise it with a suitable title :

Many of us believe that 'small' means 'insignificant'. We believe that small actions and choices do not have much effect on our life. We think that it is only the big things, the big actions and the big decisions that really count. But, when you look at the lives of all

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Turn Over

C-0-B

great people, you will see that they built their character through small decisions small choices, and small actions that they performed everyday. They transferred their lives through a step-by-step or day-by-day approach. They nurtured and nourished their good habits and chipped away at their bad habits, one step at a time. It was their day-to-day decisions that added up to make tremendous difference in the long run. Indeed, in matters of personal growth and character building, there is no such thing as an overnight success.

Growth always occurs through a sequential series of stages. There is an organic process to growth. When we look at children growing up, we can see this process at work. The child first learns to crawl, then

to stand and walk and finally to run. Same is true in the natural world also. The soil must be tilled, seeds sown, providing water and sunlight to it and only then it will grow into a plant to bear flowers and fruits at the later stages.

Gandhi understood this organic process and used the universal law of nature to his benefit and to find himself to be the 'Mahatma'. Infact, there was nothing much in his early life that showed signs of greatness. But from his mid-twenties, onwards, he deliberately and consistently attempted to change himself reformed himself and grew in some small ways everyday.

People have always marvelled at the effortless ways in which Gandhi could accomplish the most difficult task. He displayed great deal of self-mastery, discipline, in facing all struggles, fears, doubts and obstacles. We see victory but not the struggle by him.

This is a common factor in the lives of all the great people. They exercised their freedoms and choices in small ways that made great impact on their lives and their environments. Each of their small decisions and actions added upto have a profound impact in the long run. So when our 'ideal goal' looks far from us ; We should not be discouraged and disheartened but we need to grow in small steps, small ways to make it easy and thus finally achieved.

5+4+1

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end :

When a brave mountaineer is scaling the Everest, he is as great a hero as is a cosmonaut rocketing towards Mars in his capsule and thousands of men and women in different countries back his progress with their good wishes and share the thrills and anxiety of his hazardous journey to the roof of the world, while the scores of anxious scientists wish him success in the hope of obtaining valuable information on atmospheric conditions in the upper regions of the earth.

Mountaineering is indeed a source of pleasure and a mine of useful knowledge which is constantly enriching the scientific vocabulary of geologists, mineralogists and glaciologists of the world. It is a perennial source of joy to those who have eyes that can appreciate beauties of nature. Nowhere does nature reveal her charm in greater

abundance than as green and flowering mountain tops with transparent streams of water flowing down their stopes or snow clad hills where sunlight weaves its magic colours into their virginal whiteness. To lovers of mountains, the sound of water falls is like the joyful clapping to merry, primitive dancers. All other objects of nature seem calling the mountaineering to listen to its music and songs.

But mountaineering is an awfully risky venture especially for those who wish to conquer such majestic peaks as Annapurna, Dhaulagiri and the Everest and who would like to be among the World's greatest climbers like Sir Edmund P. Hillary and Tenzing Norgay. Dozens of adventurers belonging to different nations wish to conquer the highest peaks in the world, perished in the immortal snows of the Himalayas. Expeditions after expeditions turned back exhausted, frost bitten and utterly disappointed because the snow storms and blizzards forced them to stop it half way not with an end to it but with a hope of coming again to reap the success. Many are buried in the glacial

wilderness, the home of the highest peaks, yet others do not differ from making a fresh attempt. It is why now most of the highest peaks got the flags of victory on them. It is the enthusiasm and the determination of man that every peak, small or high, bows before, welcomes, the brave souls.

Questions :

- (i) How does mountaineering stand valuable for the scientists and geologists ?
- (ii) Which word in (para 3) means 'A blinding storm of wind and snow' ?
- (iii) In 'hazardous journey' the word 'hazardous' has been used as a/an :

- (A) Noun
- (B) Verb
- (C) Adjective
- (D) Adverb

- (iv) Use the word 'primitive' in your own sentence.
- (v) To whom a brave mountaineer has been compared to in this passage ?
- (vi) Mountaineering is a source of pleasure and a mine of great knowledge. (True/False)
- (vii) Give the antonym of 'transparent'.
- (viii) Name at least *three* obstacles/problems that sometimes force the mountaineers to suspend the expedition.
- (ix) What traits in mountaineers force even the toughest peaks to bow before them ?
- (x) Mountaineering is an adventure full of :
- (A) Fun and Joy
- (B) Challenges
- (C) Risks
- (D) All of these
- (Pick correct one)

1×10=10

SECTION-B

(WRITING SKILLS AND GRAMMAR)

3. You are Sohail/Sunita. Your younger brother broke his foot and is confined to rest for about 2 months ; Write an advertisement to be published in a local newspaper (in **40-50** words) inviting the services of a teacher for teaching him Physics (Class 11th) for two months.

Or

Your elder brother got selected for MBBS course. Your parents have arranged a big party at home to celebrate this success. Invite your friends at home to participate in the celebration through an invitation message. (**40-50** words).

4

4. You are Rajesh/Sohail, the sports secretary of your school. As discussed and approved in a meeting with the principal, write a letter to M/s National Prime Sports Jammu/Srinagar, requesting them to supply their trade catalogue for placing order for the sports items required by the school. Mention some of the items required, discount if any, on the catalogue prices and the mode of payment, etc. (**120-150** words).

(10)

Or

Write a letter to the editor of a reputed/local newspaper highlighting the issue of environmental pollution at various local picnic spots, mostly by the visitors and the indifference of the management. Suggest some possible measures (120–150 words).

6

5. You see a classified advertisement in a newspaper inviting applications for the post of English teacher for class 10th by National Public School, Jammu/Srinagar. Write the resume and the cover letter to be sent to the principal, for the said post (120–150 words).

Resume = 4 marks

Cover letter = 2 marks

6

6. There are many Indians, who came from humble origin and background, but achieved great success and glory against all odds because of their hardwork, skill, self confidence and trust and perseverance etc. To name some of them are Dr. Abdul Kalam, M.S. Dhoni, Superstar Rajnikanth, Mary Kom and Arunima Sinha etc. Write a personality profile of any such personality, you admire the most and consider him/her a role model (200–250 words).

Or

Incidents of 'crimes against Women' are increasing alarmingly. As a student editor of your school magazine, write an article for the magazine on 'How can youth help in fighting against this evil and the sin' (200–250 words).

6

7. Edit the following passage

Yesterday, I go to meet my grand parents in a nearby village. They are delighted on seeing me. They hugged me loveful and showered blessings on me. It was such a emotional meeting. After that we sat together while the grand mother served us with tea and some snacks.

Later, I enjoyed the delicious village food in lunch. Then we sat together and talked for so many things. They told me all about village life, its customs and social values. They want me to stay for

some day but I had to attend my office. So I came back.

1×8=8

SECTION-C

(LITERATURE)

8. Read the following poetic extract and answer the questions given at the end :

- (a) Driving from my parent's home to Cochin last Friday morning,
I saw my mother, beside me, doze, open mouthed
her face ashen like that of a corpse and realized with pain
that she was as old as she looked but soon put that thought
away.

Questions :

- (i) How does the poet describe her mother's appearance ?
(ii) Identify the simile used in the above extract.
(iii) What is the main emotion conveyed in the given extract ?
(iv) Name the poem and its poet.

1×4=4

(b) Answer any *two* of the following questions (40–50 words each) :

Questions :

- (i) What are the 'ordeals' Aunt Jennifer is surrounded by and why does the poet use the word 'ringed' ?
- (ii) What is the 'childish longing' that the poet refers to in 'A Roadside Stand' ? Why is it Vain ?
- (iii) What image does the poet use to describe the beautiful bounty of the earth in 'A Thing of Beauty' ? 2×3=6

9. Answer any *three* of the following questions in 40–50 words each :

- (a) What forces conspire to keep the workers in the bangle industry of Firozabad in poverty ?
- (b) How did Douglas overcome his fear of water ?
- (c) What made the peddler think that he had fallen into a rat trap ?

(14)

(d) Why did Gandhi consider the Champaran episode to be a turning point in his life ?

(e) Sophie and Jansie were classmates and friends. What were the difference between them as shown in the story ?

3×3=9

10. Answer the following question in 150–200 words :

The story 'The Tigerking' is a satire on the conceit of those in power. How does the author employ the literary device of dramatic irony in the story.

Or

Do you agree that 'The Enemy' teaches us that we have to make hard choices between our roles as private individuals and as citizens with a sense of National loyalty ? Justify the answer.

6

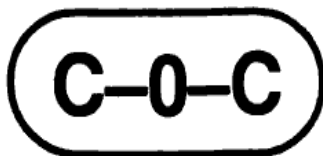
11. Answer the following question in 120–150 words :

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Or

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12thARA(SZ)JK/LEHUT2024

1500-C

ENGLISH

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION-A

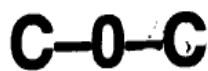
(READING COMPREHENSION)

1. Read the following passage carefully. Make notes and summarise it with a suitable title :

Cycling Survives as a popular pastime because it yields pleasure and benefits. First of all, cycling provides exercise, the need of which is felt by most people. The development of machinery tends to deprive us of adequate opportunities of expending energy while earning a

12thARA(SZ)JK/LEHUT2024—1500-C

Turn Over



livelihood. Other opportunity should be created through the medium of sports. Of cycling many people hastily say that it is 'hard work', but a fit and practised rider does not agree with this verdict. The art of easy cycling must be cultivated and once it has been acquired, a long day's run should not unduly tire any rider endowed with a normal measure of health. Again those who would turn all active cyclists into sedentary motor-drivers, or into idle passengers, would serve the nation better if they restricted their attentions to the aged and infirm, for whom petrol-generated propulsion is doubtless, a blessing and may be a necessity.

It is often said that the cyclist cannot travel as fast or as far as the motorist. Admitting it, the cyclist may be permitted to ask if it is always desirable that travel should involve modern motoring speeds (or accidents). Is the enjoyment of a traveller in search of pleasure merely in miles or what is worse in miles-per-hour or in miles-per-gallon ? Surely the cyclist, pedalling calmly along at a modest twelve miles an hour is able to assimilate scenery more easily, more completely and with more enjoyment, than the hurrying occupant of a car ? Cyclists believe that their method of travel is a sensible and convenient compromise between walking and driving. If bicycles are

unobtainable, must be cyclists would become trampers rather than motorists.

There are at least two distinct types of cyclists. The exercise of pedalling provides an all sufficient satisfaction for one type. This is the purely athletic rider who revels in long, fast rides, in time trials and other forms of strenuous competitions and sometimes attacks records. This type of cyclist goes into strict training, develops leg-thrust and perfect ankle action and thinks nothing of pedalling at twenty miles an hour. The other distinct type is the tourist, who takes no interest in racing but a deep interest in the countryside and the pageant unfolded by the open road. Comparatively, few cyclists are interested deeply in both racing and touring.

5+4+1

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end :

Superstitions have played a unique role in the human life right from the beginning of the civilization. Even today we find many people who are superstitious about different things and do not want to give them up for some reasons or others. Infact, the ancient man was ignorant about and at a loss to explain various natural phenomena like thunder, lightening and climatic changes. He knew little about the sun, moon, comets and meteors etc. so he formulated his theories about these celestial bodies and heppenings and so devised methods to protect himself against their adverse effects. However with the advance in Science man came to understand many heavenly bodies and their physical characteristics. As a result the old beliefs should have died down, but somehow they continue to have their hold on people.

A superstition is a belief, usually born out of fear, which is contrary to reason and cannot be experience of logic. For example, a comet was a mysterious phenomenon but was taken as a sign of imminent plague or war or some big calamity. People also believed that if one looked at the moon for a long time, he would get 'moon struck'. In fact, the word 'Lunatic' has been derived from the latin word 'Luna' which means moon. Since the ancient people also failed to understand the behaviour of animals, they built up superstitious about them. A black cat crossing your path was a sign of bad luck. The hoot of an owl was a sign of destruction or the approaching death and so on. Over the centuries, superstitious about 'lucky' and 'unlucky' numbers were also developed. For example, 13 is still considered to be unlucky through out the world even now. Scandinavian countries believed thunder and lightening were caused when God Thor threw his hammer at his enemies. Sneezing at one's back was taken a sign

of bad luck and failure. It is why people, on sneezing after say “God bless you”.

It is how there are numberless superstitious prevailing over human beings. With the advancement of science, a good number of superstitious have definitely decreased but still there are many which continue to have their way into human life. It is funny to know that not only illiterate or less literate people are in grips of so many superstitions but also well educated fail to shed off the superstitious behaviour.

Questions :

- (i) Why did ancient people formulated so many superstitious beliefs ?
- (ii) With the advancement of science, superstitions have died down completely. (True/False)

(iii) In 'Mysterious phenomenon', the word 'phenomenon' has been used as :

(A) Noun

(B) Verb

(C) Adjective

(D) Adverb

(iv) When some one sneezes, what does he utter quickly :

(A) Sorry for it

(B) It is ok

(C) God bless you

(D) No problem

(v) Define 'Superstition' briefly.

(vi) Give the Noun form of 'ignorant'.

(vii) What does the phrase 'to shed off' mean ?

(viii) Use the word 'adverse' in your own sentence.

(ix) The hooting of an owl, at night, is taken up as a sign of
(Complete it)

(x) Give the antonym of 'Unique'.

1×10=10

SECTION-B

(WRITING SKILLS AND GRAMMAR)

3. You are Rakesh/Rita. Your younger sister is eagerly interested in learning classic dance. Write an advertisement for a local newspaper for the services of a dance teacher (in **40–50** words).

Or

Your father is promoted as Chief engineer in his department. The family has arranged a good will party in a hotel to celebrate the occasion. Invite your friend to this party through an invitation message (**40–50** words).

4

4. You are Rajesh/Sohail, the sports secretary of your school. As discussed and approved in a meeting with the principal, write a letter to M/s National Prime Sports Jammu/Srinagar, requesting them to supply their trade catalogue for placing order for the sports items required by the school. Mention some of the items required, discount if any, on the catalogue prices and the mode of payment, etc. (**120–150** words).

Or

Write a letter to the editor of a reputed/local newspaper highlighting the issue of environmental pollution at various local picnic spots, mostly by the visitors and the indifference of the management. Suggest some possible measures (120–150 words).

6

5. You see a classified advertisement in a newspaper inviting applications for the post of English teacher for class 10th by National Public School, Jammu/Srinagar. Write the resume and the cover letter to be sent to the principal, for the said post (120–150 words).

Resume = 4 marks

Cover letter = 2 marks

6

6. There are many Indians, who came from humble origin and background, but achieved great success and glory against all odds because of their hardwork, skill, self confidence and trust and perseverance etc. To name some of them are Dr. Abdul Kalam, M.S. Dhoni, Superstar Rajnikanth, Mary Kom and Arunima Sinha etc. Write a personality profile of any such personality, you admire the most and consider him/her a role model (200–250 words).

Or

Incidents of 'crimes against Women' are increasing alarmingly. As a student editor of your school magazine, write an article for the magazine on 'How can youth help in fighting against this evil and the sin' (200–250 words).

6

7. Edit the following passage :

Yesterday, I go to meet my grand parents in a nearby village. They are delighted on seeing me. They hugged me loveful and showered blessings on me. It was such a emotional meeting. After that we sat together while the grand mother served us with tea and some snacks. Later, I enjoyed the delicious village food in lunch. Then we sat together and talked for so many things. They told me all about village life, its customs and social values. They want me to stay for some day but I had to attend my office. So I came back. $1 \times 8 = 8$

SECTION-C

(LITERATURE)

8. Read the following poetic extract and answer the questions given at the end :

(a) Driving from my parent's home to Cochin last Friday morning,

I saw my mother, beside me, doze, open mouthed

her face ashen like that of a corpse and realized with pain

that she was as old as she looked but soon put that thought

away. <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

Questions :

(i) How does the poet describe her mother's appearance ?

(ii) Identify the simile used in the above extract.

(iii) What is the main emotion conveyed in the given extract ?

(iv) Name the poem and its poet.

1×4=4

(b) Answer any *two* of the following questions (40–50 words each) :

Questions :

- (i) What are the 'ordeals' Aunt Jennifer is surrounded by and why does the poet use the word 'ringed' ?
- (ii) What is the 'childish longing' that the poet refers to in 'A Roadside Stand' ? Why is it Vain ?
- (iii) What image does the poet use to describe the beautiful bounty of the earth in 'A Thing of Beauty' ? 2×3=6

9. Answer any *three* of the following questions in 40–50 words each :

- (a) What forces conspire to keep the workers in the bangle industry of Firozabad in poverty ?
- (b) How did Douglas overcome his fear of water ?
- (c) What made the peddler think that he had fallen into a rat trap ?

(d) Why did Gandhi consider the Champaran episode to be a turning point in his life ?

(e) Sophie and Jansie were classmates and friends. What were the difference between them as shown in the story ? 3×3=9

10. Answer the following question in 150–200 words :

The story 'The Tigerking' is a satire on the conceit of those in power. How does the author employ the literary device of dramatic irony in the story.

Or

Do you agree that 'The Enemy' teaches us that we have to make hard choices between our roles as private individuals and as citizens with a sense of National loyalty ? Justify the answer. 6

11. Answer the following question in 120–150 words :

Mr. Lamb and Derry are two highly contrasting characters. Highlight their contrasting traits in their characters (On The Face of It).

Or

The actual pain or inconvenience caused by a physical impairment is often much less than the sense of alienation felt by the person with disabilities. Discuss it in the light of 'On The Face of It'.

5

F-0-A

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 11+11+10]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 48

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24

1700-A

ENGLISH

(New/Old/Old I Course)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

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XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24—1700-A (New)

F-0-A

Turn Over

(New Course)

Section-A

(Reading Comprehension)

1. Read the following passage. Make notes (5 marks), write a summary (4 marks) with a suitable title (1 mark) :

How often one hears children wishing they were grown up, and old people wishing they were young again. Each age has its pleasure and its pains, and the happiest person is the one who enjoys what each age gives him without wasting his time in useless regrets.

Childhood is the time, when there are few responsibilities to make life difficult. If a child has good parents, he is fed, looked after and loved, whatever he may do. It is improbable that he will ever again in his life be given so much without having to do anything in return.

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24-1700-A (New)

F-0-A

In addition, life is always presenting new things to the child – Things that have lost their pleasure for older people because they are too well known. A child finds pleasure in playing in the rain or in the snow. His first visit to the seaside is a marvellous adventure. But a child has his pains; he is not so free to do as he wishes as he thinks older people are; he is continually being told not to do as he wishes as he thinks or being punished for what he has done wrong. His life is, therefore not perfectly happy.

When the young man starts to earn his own living; he becomes free from the discipline of school and parents; but at the same time he is forced to accept responsibilities. He can no longer expect others to pay for his food, his clothes, and his room, but has to work if he

wants to live comfortably. If he spends most of his time in the way that he used to as a child, he will go hungry. If however, he works hard, keeps out of trouble and has good health, he can have the great happiness of seeing himself make steady progress in his job and building up for himself his own position in society.

Old age has always been thought of as the worst age to be; but it is not necessary for the old to be unhappy. With old age should come wisdom and the ability to help others with wisely advice. The old can have the job of seeing their children making progress in life; they can watch their grand children growing up around them : and perhaps best of all, they can, if their life has been useful one, feel the happiness of having reached a time when they can be back and rest leaving others to continue the fight.

10

XIIAP/BI.AUTJKL24-1700-A (New)

F-0-A

2. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Family is one of the few universal and permanent institutions of mankind. In every society and at every stage of development, we found some sort of family. As a result, we found different types of family all over the world. But in India we found a peculiar family system which deserves special attention. The family in India does not consist only of husband, wife and their children but also of uncles, aunts, cousins and grandsons. This system is called joint family or extended family system. This joint family system is a peculiar characteristics of the Indian social life. Usually a son after marriage does not separate himself from the parents but continues to live under the same roof, eating food cooked at one hearth, participating in

common worship and holding property in common with every person's share in it.

All members of joint family keep their earnings in a common fund out of which family expenses are met.

Accordingly, Indian joint family is like a socialistic community in which every member earns according to their capacity and receives according to their needs. This family is formed on the basis of close blood relationships. It normally consists of members of three to four generations.

In other words, joint family is a collection of more than one primary family on the basis of close blood ties and common residences. All the members are bound by mutual obligations and have a common ancestor. It consists of an individual, his wife and married sons, their

XIIAP/BI.AUTJKL24—1700-A (New)

F-0-A

children and unmarried daughters, his brothers and his parents. We can conclude that joint family comprises of a large number of members which has greater generation depth and who are related to one another by property, household and mutual rights and obligations.

Questions :

- (i) Define the joint family system in your own words.
- (ii) Select the option that conveys the opposite of 'usual'.

Separate/common/peculiar/health.

- (iii) The antonym of permanent is

(iv) The entire members in joint family system are not bound by mutual obligations and are free to take their decisions.

(True/False)

(v) How does a joint family manage expenses ?

(vi) Joint family is formed on the basis of close blood relationship.

(Yes/No)

(vii) What are the author's view on family ?

(viii) Write the meaning of the word 'obligation' and use it in a sentence.

(ix) The joint family is an extension of the nuclear family.

(True/False)

(x) Write an appropriate title for the above passage.

1×10=10

Section-B

(Writing Skills and Grammar)

3. You are Rivaan. You want an English teacher for your younger brother. Write an advertisement to be published in the classified columns of a local newspaper in 40–50 words.

Or

- You are celebrating your Birthday next week. Invite your friends to a party at your home through an invitation message in 40–50 words. 4
4. Write a letter to the Editor of 'The Early Times' – Jammu, about water shortage in your colony. You are Ravi Sanson.

Or

As Manager of M/s Shah and Co; 311 Lal Chowk Srinagar, write a letter to M/s Modern Furnitures, Srinagar, asking for quotation of prices of furniture items for offices and homes. Also inquire about the discount, billing process and credit facilities.

6

5. You see a classified advertisement in the newspaper inviting applications for the post of Senior Computer Teacher in Gurukul College of Education, Jammu. Write your resume and cover letter (120–150 words) to the principal applying for the job.

Resume – 4 marks

Cover letter – 2 marks

6

XIIAP/BI.AUTJKL24–1700–A (New)

F-0-A

6. Mr. Sunil Sharma, despite losing his one arm in an accident, achieved excellence as a batsman. Write a personality profile of any *one* you admire or consider a role-model. (200–250 words).

Or

During a railway journey, you met an accident which had an effect on your abilities to face challenges/accidents. Recount a real experience you had that changed your perspective and turned out to be a lifelong lesson.

6

7. Edit the following passage :

Annan told me all these thing₁ and added, "Because we are born into

this community, we are never given any honour or dignity or respect;

We are strip₂ of all that. But if we study and made₃ progress, we can

throw away these indignities, so study with care, learn all you can.

If you are always ahead in your lessons, people will come for₄ you

of their own accord and attach himself₅ to you. Work hard and learn.

The word₆ that Annan spoke to me that day made a very deep

impression on me. And I study₇ hard, with all my breath and being,

in a frenzy almost. As Annan had urged I stood first on₈ my class.

And because of that, many people become my friends.

9. Answer any *three* of the following questions in **40–50** words each :

(i) What did Franz notice unusual about the school that day ?

(ii) What does Saheb look for in the garbage dumps ?

(iii) How did Douglas overcome his fear of water ?

(iv) What made the peddler finally change his ways ?

(v) How was Gandhi able to influence lawyers ? Give reasons. $3 \times 3 = 9$

10. Answer the following question in **150–200** words

Do you think that the third level was a medium of escape for Charley ? Why ?

Or

The world's geological history is trapped in Antarctica. How is study of this region useful to us ?

6

Section—C

(Literature)

8. (a) Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow (1 mark each) :

A thing of beauty is a joy forever

Its loveliness increases; but it will never

Pass into nothingness; but will keep

A bower quiet for us, and a sleep

Full of sweet dreams, and health and quiet breathing.

Questions :

- (i) Name the poem and the poet.

(ii) What will never pass into nothingless ?

(iii) What does a beautiful thing give us ?

(iv) What are things of beauty mentioned here ?

1×4=4

(b) Answer any *two* of the following questions in 40–50 words each

(3 marks each) :

Questions :

(i) Why has the mother been compared to the 'late winter's moon' ? <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

(ii) Mention any *two* from the poem 'Keeping Quiet' and explain them.

(iii) "Beauty rest in a beautiful mountain scene." Explain. 2×3=6

11. Answer the following question in 120–150 words :

Discuss the relevance of the title, 'On the Face of It'.

Or

In which section of the play does Mr. Lamb display signs of loneliness and disappointment ? What are the ways in which Mr. Lamb tries to overcome these feelings ?

F-0-C

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 11+11+10] [Total No. of Printed Pages : 48

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24

1700-C

ENGLISH

(New/Old/Old I Course)

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XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24—1700-C (New)

F-0-C

Turn Over

(New Course)**Section-A****(Reading Comprehension)**

1. Read the following passage. Make notes (5 marks), write a summary (4 marks) with a suitable title (1 mark) :

Dr. Chandrasekhara Venkata Raman was possibly the greatest physicist this country has ever produced. His pioneering research on the phenomenon that causes the greatest changes in the nature of light when it passes through a transparent medium — solid, liquid or gaseous won him the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1930.

Born in an orthodox South-Indian Brahmin family in 1888 at Thiruvanaikkaval near Tiruchirapalli in Tamil Nadu, Raman proved to be a brilliant student. He passed his 10th class examination at the

age of 11, and at 15 graduated from the Presidency College, Madras.

Raman wanted to go abroad after his graduation, but a British disqualified him on medical grounds, saying that he would not be able to withstand the rigours of the English climate. On completing his Master's degree, Raman took up a job in Calcutta as an Assistant Accountant General. But his interest in Science did not decrease. He would spend most of his spare time in the mornings and evenings in the laboratory of the Indian Association for Cultivation of Science.

After ten years of government service, Raman resigned the job to work as the professor of Physics at Calcutta University, despite the fact the university paid him a lower salary than the government did.

It was at the university laboratory that Raman did the most important research of his life.

The world was not slow to recognise the importance of C.V. Raman's achievements. "When the Nobel Award was announced, I saw it as a personal triumph, an achievement, recognition for a very remarkable discovery, for reaching the goal I had pursued for seven years. But when I sat in that crowded hall and I saw the sea of western faces surrounding me, and I, the only Indian, in my turban and closed coat, it dawned on me that I was really representing my people and my country. I felt truly humble when I received the prize from King Gustav. It was a moment of great emotion, but I could restrain myself. Then I turned round, saw the British Union Jack under which I had been sitting and it was then that I realised that my poor country India did not even have a flag of her own — and it was that triggered off my complete breakdown." He was so moved by emotions that tears started streaming down his face.

10

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24—1700—C (New)

F-0-C

2. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :

I got posted in Srinagar in the 1980s. Its rugged mountains, gushing rivers and vast meadows reminded me of my landscape of my native place — the Jibhi Valley in Himachal Pradesh. Unlike Srinagar that saw numerous tourists, Jibhi Valley remained clouded in anonymity. That's when the seed of starting tourism in Jibhi was planed I decided to leave my service in the Indian army and follow the urge to return home.

We had two houses — a family house and a traditional house, which we often rented out. I pleaded with my family to ask the tenant to vacate the house so that I could convert it into a guest house. When my family relented, I renovated the house keeping its originality intact, just adding windows for sunlight.

I still remember the summer of 1992 when I put a signboard outside my first guesthouse in Jibhi Valley ! The village residents, however, were sceptical about my success. My business kept growing but it took years for tourism to take off in Jibhi Valley. Things changed significantly after 2008 when the government launched a home stay scheme. People build home stays and with rapid tourism growth, the region changed rapidly. Villages turned into towns with many concrete buildings. Local businesses and tourists continued putting burden on nature.

Then with the 2020-21 pandemic and lockdown, tourism came to a complete stand still. Local people, who were employed at over a hundred home stays and guesthouses, returned to their villages. Some went back to farming, some took up poultry and some got involved

in government work schemes. Now, all ardently hope that normalcy and tourism will return to the valley soon. In a way, the pandemic has given us an opportunity to introspect, go back to our roots and look for sustainable solutions.

For me, tourism has been my greatest teacher. It brought people from many countries and all states of India to my guesthouse. It gave me exposure to different cultures and countless opportunities to learn new things. Most people who stayed at my guesthouse became my repeat clients and good friends. When I look back, I feel proud, yet humbled at the thought that I was not only able to fulfil my dream despite all the challenges; but also play a role in establishing tourism in the beautiful valley that I call home.

Questions :

- (i) What does the writer feel about scenic beauty of Srinagar ?
- (ii) Give one word “to examine one’s own thoughts and feelings”
see paragraph 4.
- (iii) The writer was posted in Srinagar in 1991. (True/False)
- (iv) Use the word ‘intact’ in a sentence.
- (v) Describe the effects of pandemic on local people.
- (vi) What was the effect of local businesses and tourists on
nature ?
- (vii) Before the lockdown was a source of employment
for local people.
- (viii) What did the author do in the summer of 1992 ?
- (ix) The antonym of ‘sceptical’ is
- (x) The phrase ‘seed of starting tourism’ refers to

initiation/growth/termination/follow up.

1×10=10

Section-B

(Writing Skills and Grammar)

3. You are Sugam. You want a 'Gardener' for your garden. Write an advertisement to be published in the classified columns of a local newspaper in **40-50** words.

Or

The marriage of your elder brother is on 18th March, 2024. Invite your friends to the marriage to attend the 'Barat' through an invitation message in **40-50** words.

4

4. Write a letter to the Editor of 'The Early Times' – Jammu, about water shortage in your colony. You are Ravi Sanson.

Or

As Manager of M/s Shah and Co: 311 Lal Chowk Srinagar, write a letter to M/s Modern Furnitures, Srinagar, asking for quotation of prices of furniture items for offices and homes. Also inquire about the discount, billing process and credit facilities.

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XIIAP/BI.AUTJKL24–1700–C (New)

F–0–C

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Questions :

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5

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F-0-C