

B-4-Y

Total No. of Questions 21]

Total No. of Printed Pages 8

12thARM(SZ)JKUT2024

1104-Y

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

SECTION-A

(Objective Type Questions)

1 each

1. (a) Which one of the following was not given primacy by the makers of Soviet System ?
 - (A) Abolition of private property
 - (B) Society based on equality
 - (C) No opposition party to be allowed
 - (D) No state control over economy
- (b) Who was the first elected President of Russia ?
 - (A) Boris Yeltsin
 - (B) Primadev
 - (C) Putin
 - (D) Varadev

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B-4-Y

Turn Over

(c) Which of the following country is not a South Asian Country ?

(A) Bangladesh

(B) India

(C) Bhutan

(D). Soviet Russia

(d) India and Pakistan signed Shimla Agreement in the year :

(A) 1987 .

(B) 1993

(C) 1986

(D). 1972

(e) When was Indian Parliament attacked ?

(A) 1996

(B) 2001

(C) 2002

(D) 2004

(f) India always supported :

(A) Nuclear Weapons

(B) Disarmament

(C) Terrorism

(D) None of these

(g) The era of coalition Govt. begins on :

(A) 1971

(B) 1969

(C) 1989

(D) 1967

(h) When the Govt. of India carried out operation 'Blue Star' :

(A) 1977

(B) 1980

(C) 1984

(D) 1989

- (i) Sheikh Abdullah of J & K formed his party as :
- (A) Muslim conference
 - (B) PDP
 - (C) National conference
 - (D) None of these
- (j) In 14th Lok Sabha elections held in April-May 2004 the UPA formed Govt. under the leadership of :
- (A) A.B. Vajpayee
 - (B) I.K. Gujral
 - (C) Dr. Manmohan Singh
 - (D) None of these

SECTION-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. What is Global Security ?
3. What do you mean by Deterrence ?

4. Write a brief note on Antarctica.
5. What do you mean by Development ?
6. Write short note on Committed Judiciary.
7. Write down *two* consequences of Emergency.
8. Write down *two* merits of Coalition Govt.
9. Who are Rightist Forces ?
10. What do you mean by a Regional Party ?

SECTION-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

11. What do you mean by 'Shock Therapy' ? What were its effects ?

Any *two*.

12. Write down *two* main obstacles in normal relations between India and Pakistan.

13. What are the causes of Globalisation ? Discuss in detail.
14. What are the environmental concerns in Global Politics ?
15. What are the main challenges before the Indian Democracy ? Discuss in detail.
16. Write down in detail *four* main defects of Coalition Government.
17. Discuss any *three* factors responsible for the emergence of regional parties in India. <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

SECTION-D

(Passage Type Questions)

18. Read the Passage given below carefully and answer the following questions :

The interim Govt. took a firm stance against the possible division of India into smaller principalities of different sizes. The Muslim League

opposed the Indian National Congress and took the view that the states should be free to adopt any course they liked. Sardar Patel, India's Dy. Prime Minister and the Home Minister during the crucial period, immediately after independence, played a historic role in negotiating with the rulers of Princely states in bringing most of them into the Indian Union.

Questions :

- (i) Which Govt. has been referred to as the Interim Govt. ?
- (ii) Why did the Muslim League oppose the Indian National Congress ?
- (iii) What makes the role of Sardar Patel a historic one ? Explain. 6

Turn Over

SECTION-E

(Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

19. What are the objectives of establishing regional cooperation ? What is its importance ?

Or

What makes the European Union a highly influential regional organisation ? Discuss in detail.

20. Describe in detail the difficulties which exist in reforming United Nations.

Or

Describe the sound suggestions for reforming the UN with special reference to the Security Council.

21. Discuss in detail the principles of India's Foreign Policy.

Or

What are the main causes and events of strained Indo-Pak relations ?

Write few measures through which the relations may improve.

B-4-Z

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 21]

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12thARM(SZ)JKUT2024

1104-Z

POLITICAL SCIENCE

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SECTION-A

(Objective Type Questions)

1 each

1. (a) Which one is not a Balkan State ?

(A) Albania

(B) Bulgaria

(C) Bosnia

(D) Nepal

(b) Who was the founder of the Bolshevik Communist Party ?

(A) Vladimir Lenin

(B) V. Poten

(C) J. Stalin

(D) None of these

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B-4-Z

Turn Over

(c) Second summit of SAARC was held at :

- (A) Islamabad
- (B) Bangalore
- (C) Kathmandu
- (D) Kabul

(d) In which year India sent peace-keeping forces to Sri Lanka ?

- (A) 1980
- (B) 1985
- (C) 1987
- (D) 1990

(e) During second World War where atom bomb was exploded ?

- (A) China
- (B) Japan
- (C) France
- (D) Greece

(f) ✓ Which of the following is a source of insecurity ?

- (A) Human Rights
- (B) Balance of Power
- (C) Global Poverty
- (D) Allinace Building

(g) Who was the leader of 'Syndicate' ?

- (A) K. Kamraj
- (B) N. Sanjeeva Reddy
- (C) S.K. Patil
- (D) All of these

(h) When Anandpur Sahib resolution was passed ?

- (A) 1962
- (B) 1965
- (C) 1967
- (D) 1973

(i) Who was the founder President of Telugu Desam Party ?

(A) Indira Gandhi

(B) N.T. Rama Rao

(C) Karunanidhi

(D) None of these

(j) When was Mandal Commission set up ?

(A) Jan. 1, 1979

(B) March 3, 1979

(C) May 5, 1980

(D) Jan 5, 1980

SECTION-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. What is Arms Control ?

3. What do you mean by Human Rights ?

4. Define Global Commons.
5. What do you mean by Per Capita Income ?
6. What do you mean by Navnirman ?
7. What is Preventive Detention ?
8. Mention any *four* features of coalition.
9. Who are Rightist Forces ?
10. What do you mean by a Regional Party ?

SECTION-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

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SECTION-E

(Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

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Or

What are the main causes and events of strained Indo-Pak relations ?

Write few measures through which the relations may improve.

F-4-A

Roll No.....

Total No. of Questions : 21+22]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 15

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24
1704-A
POLITICAL SCIENCE
(New/Old Course)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

NOTE :— The questions in the question paper are based on revised and pre-revised syllabus marked as “New Course” and “Old Course” respectively and candidates are advised to appear in the relevant course meant for them. Candidates who may attempt the questions partly from “**New Course**” and partly from “**Old Course**” will not be awarded. Candidates are also advised to record “**New Course**” or “**Old Course**” as the case may be, on the front page of the answer-book.

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL 24—1704-A (New)

Turn Over

F-4-A

(New Course)

Section-A

(Very-Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. (a) World Bank was established in which year ?

(A) 1946

(B) 1942

(C) 1943

(D) 1944

(b) What is human rights watch ?

(A) It is the largest International human rights organisation in the U.S.

(B) It is an International NGO involved in research and advocacy on human rights

(C) Both (A) and (B)

(D) None of these

(c) What are the key elements of traditional security ?

- (A) Balance of power (B) Coalition
(C) Collective security (D) All of these

(d) In which year India first tested a nuclear device ?

- (A) 1974 (B) 1976
(C) 1972 (D) 1970

(e) Era of one party dominance related to :

- (A) BJP (B) CPI
(C) Congress (D) Janata Party

(f) The first chief election commissioner was :

- (A) Shiv Raj Patil (B) Hukum Singh
(C) Sukumar Sen (D) Pt. Nehru

(g) Famous slogan of Lal Bahadur Shastri was :

- (A) Indira Hatao (B) Jai Jawan Jai Kisan
(C) Aya Ram Gaya Ram (D) Garibi Hatao

(h) Which among the following is not a regional Political Party ?

- (A) Telugu Desam Party (B) Trinamool Congress
(C) Akali Dal (D) Biju Janata Dal

(i) The Congress Socialist Party was founded by :

- (A) Indira Gandhi (B) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
(C) Rajiv Gandhi (D) Ram Manohar Lohia

(j) Who became the Prime Minister of India after Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru ?

- (A) Indira Gandhi (B) V.V. Giri
(C) Lal Bahadur Shastri (D) Morarji Desai

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. Mention two areas of co-operation between India and Bangladesh.
3. What was the Instrument of Accession ?
4. What was Green Revolution ?
5. Write a short note on Swatantra Party.
6. What do you mean by end of Congressism ?
7. Why was emergency implemented in India ?
8. Write a short note on Railway strike of 1974.
9. Describe the composition of Kashmir.
10. What was Privy Purse ?

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

11. Examine the nature of Polity of Bangladesh.
12. Explain any *four* organs of UNO.

13. Describe Sardar Patel's vital role in integration of Princely states of India.
14. Why has there been a resistance to globalisation ?
15. What were the key areas of tension after 1947 ?
16. Differentiate between Traditional and Non-traditional Security.
17. What factors led to rise of NDA ? What brought its downfall ?

Section-D

(Passage Based Questions)

6

18. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions :

States shall co-operate, in the spirit of global partnership to conserve protect and restore the health and integration of the earth's ecosystem.

In view of the different contribution of global environmental degradation, states shall have common but differentiated responsibilities.

The developed countries acknowledge the responsibilities that they bear in the International pursuit of sustainable development in view of the pressures their societies place on the global environmental and of the technological and financial resources they command.

Questions :

- (a) When and where were these things said ?
- (b) What do you mean by sustainable development ?
- (c) What is “Common but differentiated responsibilities” ?

Section-E

(Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

19. What is shock therapy ? What were its consequences ?

Or

Why did Soviet Union disintegrate ? What were its effects ?

20. Evaluate the ups and downs in rise of China as an alternative centre of power to USA.

Or

What makes the European Union a highly influential regional organisation ?

21. What were the causes and events of Indo-Pak War of 1971 ? What is the significance of Shimla Accord ?

Or

What are the main objectives of Indian Foreign Policy ? Discuss in detail.

XIIAP/Bi.AUTJKL24
1704-A
POLITICAL SCIENCE
(New/Old Course)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

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(Old Course)

Section-A

(Very Very Short Type Questions)

1 each

1. (a) What is Unipolarity ?
- (b) Socialist Revolution took place in Russia in
- (c) UNO was founded on :
(A) 24 October, 1945 (B) 30 October, 1945
(C) 26 June, 1946 (D) 25 January, 1945
- (d) India tested first nuclear device in :
(A) 1974 (B) 1980
(C) 1985 (D) 1987
- (e) Globalisation is a concept.
- (f) Main cause of global warming is
- (g) The father of non-aligned movement was
- (h) Nation building is :
(A) One dimensional (B) Two dimensional
(C) Multi-Dimensional (D) None of these
- (i) What is mixed-economy ?

- (j) Which Party won general election in 1972 ?
- (k) Which is main regional party of Jammu and Kashmir ?
- (l) What is full form of BKU ?
- (m) NBA was led by
- (n) Article 370 deals with
- (o) Lotus is symbol of

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. What do you mean by earth summit ?

Or

What is sustainable development ?

3. What are outcomes of Rio Summit ?

Or

Mention two threats to global security.

4. Discuss two consequences of partition of India in 1947
5. Discuss two factors responsible for regionalism.

Or

What is Article 370 ?

6. What is NDA ?
7. What is communalism ?
8. What is RTI ?

Or

Explain Mandal Commission.

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

9. Discuss China as rising power in present scenario.

Or

Explain ASEAN as a regional organization.

10. Discuss functions of General Assembly.

Or

How democracy and accountability are the new institutions of global governance ? <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

11. Explain Non-Traditional concept of security.
12. Discuss positive and negative aspects of globalisation.
13. Write a note on NITI Aayog.

Or

Explain Green Revolution and its consequences.

Section-D

(Passage and Map Based Questions)

5 each

14. Read the passage given below and answer the following questions :

A Dominant Party system is one where a number of parties exist, but only one party dominates in operational politics, other parties also operate but they do not matter in government functioning. The Indian Congress Party system was example of Dominant Party system. Ideologically, the congress took root and come to political power not as party but as a movement for independence and reform.

Questions :

- (a) Explain one Party Dominant system in India.
 - (b) How Congress is a social and ideological coalition ?
15. State which of these were reasons for the defeat of the congress in 1967. Give reasons for your answer :
- (a) The absence of a charismatic leader in the congress party.
 - (b) Split within the congress party.
 - (c) Increased mobilisation of regional, ethnic and communal groups.

(d) Increasing unity among non-congress parties.

(e) Internal differences within the congress party.

16. In the outline Map of India, show the following states :

(a) The state where Article 370 has been abolished.

(b) The state where Anti-Arrack Movement started.

(c) The state where Chipko Movement started.

(d) Assam

(e) Sikkim

Section-E

(Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

17. What is non-aligned movement ? Discuss its relevance in present world order.

Or

What is NIEO ? Discuss its features.

18. Explain shock therapy. What was its consequences ?

Or

Discuss India's relation with Russia.

19. What is Hegemony ? Discuss its various types.

Or

Evaluate India's changing relation with USA.

20. Discuss SAARC as an regional organization.

Or

Examine India-Pakistan relations in light of recent development.

21. Examine the factors that determine India's foreign policy.

Or

Write short notes on the following :

(a) India's Nuclear Policy

(b) Consensus in foreign policy matters

22. Discuss the factors responsible for declaration of emergency in India in 1975.

Or

Assess the role of Bihar and Gujarat Movement in highlighting the loop holes of congress government.