

B-1-Z

Roll No.....

Total No. of Questions : 13]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 7

12thARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25

301-Z

HISTORY

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

General Instructions :

This Question Paper contains six Sections.

- (i) Section-A contains 10 Very-Very Short Answer Type Questions of 1 mark each ($1 \times 10 = 10$ marks).
- (ii) Section-B contains 6 Very Short Answer Type Questions of 2 marks. Each to be answered in **20 to 30** words ($2 \times 6 = 12$ marks).
- (iii) Section-C contains 6 Short Answer Type Questions of 4 marks. Each to be answered in **100 to 150** words ($4 \times 6 = 24$ marks).
- (iv) Section-D contains 3 Long Answer Type Questions of 8 marks. Each to be answered in **150 to 200** words ($8 \times 3 = 24$ marks).
- (v) Section-E contains one Passage having 1 question of 1 mark and 2 questions of 2 marks. Each to be answered in **20 to 30** words ($1 + 2 + 2 = 5$ marks).
- (vi) Section-F contains Map work of 5 marks.

12thARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25-301-Z

B-1-Z

Turn Over

Section-A

(Very-Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. Do as directed :

(i) The food items of the Harappans included :

(A) Grains

(B) Meat

(C) Both (A) and (B)

(D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

(ii) The Harappan settlements were generally divided into two sections.

(True/False)

(iii) In Ancient India, there were (16/18) Mahajanpadas.

(Tick the correct one)

(iv) Mahabharata describes a feud between two groups of cousins, the Kauravas and the (Fill in the blank)

(v) The types of marriages in Ancient India included :

(A) Endogamy

(B) Exogamy

(C) Polygyny

(D) All of these

(Choose the correct one)

~~(vi)~~ The Khanqah was the centre of social life. (True/False)

~~(vii)~~ According to tradition, two brothers Harihara and
founded the Vijayanagara Empire. (Fill in the blank)

~~(viii)~~ (Santhals/Jotedars) rebelled against the British.
(Tick the correct one)

~~(ix)~~ The causes of the Revolt of 1857 included :

- | | |
|--------------|------------------|
| (A) Social | (B) Political |
| (C) Military | (D) All of these |

(Choose the correct one)

~~(x)~~ The Revolt began on 10th May, 1857. (True/False)

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions) 2 each

2. ~~(i)~~ Mention any one feature of the Mauryan administration.

~~(ii)~~ Recall any one of the features of Buddhist social contract theory.

(iii) Rulers tried to establish connections with the traditions of the Nayanars and Sufis. Give any one reason.

(iv) List the immediate cause of the Revolt of 1857.

(v) Find out any four centers of the Revolt of 1857.

(vi) The term 'minority' was defined by different groups. Recall in brief.

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

3. Summarize some of the distinctive features of Mohenjo Daro.

4. Trace the salient features of Mahajanapadas.

5. Describe the teachings of either Kabir or Guru Nanakji and the ways in which there have been transmitted.

6. How were the water requirements of Vijaynagara met ?

7. The Jotedar was a powerful figure in many areas of rural Bengal. Why ?

8. What were the ideals expressed in the Objective Resolution ?

Section-D

(Long Answer Type Questions)

8 each

9. To what extent does the knowledge of Buddhist literature help in understanding the sculpture at Sanchi ?

Or

~~Discuss, how and why were the Stupas built ?~~

10. ~~The lives of the forest dwellers were transformed in the 16th and 17th centuries. How ?~~ <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

Or

Examine the role played by the Zamindars in Mughal India.

11. ~~The dialogues at the Round Table Conference were inconclusive.~~

Why ?

Or

How was Non-cooperation a form of protest ?

Section-E**(Passage Based Question)**

12. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow :

The Imperial Karkhanas

Bernier is the only historian who provides a detailed account of the working of the Imperial Karkhanas or Workshops.

Large halls are seen at many places, called Karkhanas or Workshops for the artisans. In one hall, embroiders are busily employed, superintended by a master. In another, you see the goldsmiths; in a third painters; in a fourth varnishers in lacquer work, in a fifth joiners, tailors and shoe-makers; in a sixth, manufacturers of silk, brocade and fine muslins.

Questions :

- (i) Who has provided the detailed account of the Karkhanas ?
- (ii) Where were the Karkhanas located ?
- (iii) Name some of the artisans working in these Karkhanas. 1,2,2

Section-F

5

(Map Work)

13. On an outline Map of India, locate and label the following places :

~~(i)~~ Kalibangan

~~(ii)~~ Hampi

~~(iii)~~ Delhi

~~(iv)~~ Amritsar

~~(v)~~ Calcutta

B-1-Y

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12th ARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25

301-Y

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- (vi) Section-F contains Map work of 5 marks.

12thARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25-301-Y

B-1-Y

Turn Over

Section-A

(Very-Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. Do as directed :

✓ (i) The cities of Harappa included :

(A) Harappa

(B) Mohenjo Daro

(C) Banwali

~~(D)~~ All of these

(Choose the correct one)

✓ (ii) The most distinctive feature of Harappan culture was the town planning. ~~(True)~~/False

(iii) The founder of Mauryan Empire was (Chandragupta/Ashoka).

(Tick the correct one)

(iv) Mahabharata was written in the language.

(Fill in the blank)

(v) Associations of artisans/skilled workers were known as :

(A) Shrenis

(B) Nishadas

(C) Jatis

~~(D)~~ None of these

(Choose the correct one)

- (vi) Alvars were the devotees of Vishnu. ~~(True/False)~~
- (vii) In Vijayanagara, the military commanders were called as ~~(Amara-~~
nayaka/Raya) (Tick the correct one)
- (viii) Permanent settlement was introduced in the province of _____
(Fill in the blank)
- (ix) The province where the Revolt of 1857 was most wide spread
is :
~~(A)~~ Awadh (B) Delhi
(C) Calcutta (D) None of these
(Choose the correct one)
- (x) The rebels declared Bahadur Shah as the king of India.
(True/False)

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. (i) There were five major political centers in the Mauryan empire.

Find out them.

- (ii) Define the term 'Patriliney'.

(iii) List any one belief or practice of the Sufis. •

✓ (iv) Mention any one evidence that indicates planning and coordination on the part of the rebels.

✓ (v) Name the leaders of the Revolt of 1857.

(vi) Some historical forces shaped the vision of the Indian constitution.
Name any one of them.

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

✓ 3. Summarize some of the distinctive features of Mohenjo Daro.

✓ 4. Trace the salient features of Mahajanapadas.

✓ 5. Describe the teachings of either Kabir or Guru Nanakji and the ways in which there have been transmitted.

✓ 6. How were the water requirements of Vijayanagara met ?

✓ 7. The Jotedar was a powerful figure in many areas of rural Bengal.

Why ?

✓ 8. What were the ideals expressed in the Objective Resolution ?

Section-D

(Long Answer Type Questions)

8 each

9. To what extent does the knowledge of Buddhist literature help in understanding the sculpture at Sanchi ?

Or

Discuss, how and why were the Stupas built ?

10. The lives of the forest dwellers were transformed in the 16th and 17th centuries. How ?

Or

Examine the role played by the Zamindars in Mughal India.

11. The dialogues at the Round Table Conference were inconclusive.

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(Passage Based Question)

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Questions :

- (i) Who has provided the detailed account of the Karkhanas ?
- (ii) Where were the Karkhanas located ?
- (iii) Name some of the artisans working in these Karkhanas. 1,2,

Section F

(Map Work)

5

13. On an outline Map of India, locate and label the following places :

(i) Magadha

(ii) Surat

(iii) Delhi

(iv) Amritsar

(v) Calcutta

B-1-X

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**12thARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25-301-X
B-1-X**

Turn Over

Section-A

(Very-Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. Do as directed :

(i) Archaeologists trace social differences in Harappan society through the study of :

~~(A)~~ Burials

(B) Coins

(C) Animals

(D) Trade

(Choose the correct one)

(ii) Grains found at Harappan sites include wheat. (True/False)

(iii) The script used in most Ashokan inscriptions is (Brahmi/
Sanskrit). (Tick the correct one)

(iv) In Ancient India, sons could claim the resources of their father under the (Fill in the blank)

(v) In its present form, the number of verses in Mahabharata is around :

(A) 1,00,000

(B) 2,00,000

(C) 5,00,000

~~(D)~~ None of these

(Choose the correct one)

(vi) The Sufis generally lived in (Khanqahas/Palaces).

(Tick the correct one)

(vii) Agricultural lands were enclosed within the fortified area in
Hampi. (True/False)

(viii) Deccan Riots Commission Report was presented to the British
Parliament in the year (Fill in the blank)

(ix) The leaders of the Revolt of 1857 included :

- (A) Bahadur Shah Zafar (B) Rani Jhansi
(C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of these

(Choose the correct one)

(x) Greased Cartridge hurt the feelings of Indian Sepoys.

(True/False)

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. (i) List any one of the problems faced by the epigraphists.

(ii) Mention any one point of importance of gender differences in
early societies.

Turn Over

- (iii) Who were the Sharia Sufis ?
- (iv) Find out the places where the Revolt of 1857 had spread.
- (v) Recall any one step British used to quell the uprising of 1857.
- (vi) Which language Gandhi thought should be the national language ? Give any one reason Gandhi had in its favour.

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

- 3. Summarize some of the distinctive features of Mohenjo Daro.
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(Long Answer Type Questions)

8 each

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Or

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Questions :

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1,2,2

12thARF(SZ)JKUT2024-25-301-X**B-1-X**

Section-F

(Map Work)

5

13. On an outline Map of India, locate and label the following places :

- (i) Lothal
- (ii) Ajmer
- (iii) Delhi
- (iv) Amritsar
- (v) Calcutta